## **ATTENTION** groups B and C

- 1) If you were not at school last Friday, have a look at it before doing the exercises
- 2) You don't have to do the "CAUSATIVE" part.

## IMPERSONAL PASSIVE

George is very old. **People say\*** he's about 100 years old.

Two possibilities:

George is very old. 1) IT'S SAID that he is about 100 years old.

2) HE'S SAID TO BE 100 years old.

\*Believe, consider , expect , know , report, think , understand.

- → In order to **FORM** the second possibility:
- 1. Take the subject of the second sentence: <u>**He**</u>
- 2. Passive verb of the Reporting verb in the same tense as in the active: *is said*
- 3. The verb of the second sentence in the TO-Infinitive form: **to be**

They say she runs 10 miles a day.  $\rightarrow$  **It is said** that she runs 10 miles a day.

 $\rightarrow$  She **is said to run** 10 miles a day.

They expect that the strike will end soon.  $\rightarrow$  It is expected that the strike will end soon.

 $\rightarrow$  The strike **is expected to end** soon.

→ If the SECOND verb in the PAST, we need a PERFECT INFINITIVE (HAVE+ PAST PARTICIPLE)

The police believe that the thieves <u>BROKE</u> the window to get into the house

 $\rightarrow$  It is believed that the thieves broke the window to get into the house.

 $\rightarrow$  The thieves are believed to **HAVE BROKEN** the window to get into the house.

Police have reported that Peter *caused* the accident.

 $\rightarrow$ It has been reported that Peter **caused** the accident.

 $\rightarrow$  Peter has been reported to **HAVE CAUSED** the accident.

→ If the second verb is in continuous form, we need a continuous infinitive (BE + -ING)

They think he is having an affair.

 $\rightarrow$  It's thought that he's having an affair

 $\rightarrow$ He is thought **to be having** an affair.

NOW CHANGE THESE SENTENCES INTO IMPERSONAL PASSIVE (TWO POSSIBILITIES)

- 1. Everybody thinks that she sings beautifully
- 2. The children *reported* that their friends **were swimming** when they disappeared.
- 3. People *believed* that they **had killed** the animals during the night.
- 4. My friends think that my parents are the best parents in the world.
- 5. They believed that the horse was a present.
- 6. People are thinking that drugs are very dangerous.
- 7. They knew that Mr. Brown was stealing iron from the factory.
- 8. People consider that the team will be classified for the final.
- 9. Everybody says that he settled the business.
- 10. The reporters believed that the meeting would finish soon.
- 11. They have thought the sportsmen are arriving today.
- 12. Citizens presume that the government is responsible for the accident.
- 13. They say that the meeting will be held here
- 14. The hooligans expected that their team would win

## THE CAUSATIVE

We use the structure HAVE / GET (in any tense) + something + past participle to talk about something which we can't do ourselves or that we have arranged for a professional to do for us.

- → I'm having a garage built at the moment. I'm building the garage myself.
- → They repaired their car. (They did it themselves)
  They had their car repaired. (They arranged for someone to repair it)
- → I cut my hair yesterday. (I cut it myself)
  I had my hair cut yesterday. (I went to the hairdresser)
- $\rightarrow$  Are you going to have these shoes repaired or shall I throw them away?
- $\rightarrow$  Where do you have your hair done? It always looks very nice!

We can use GET instead of HAVE in informal style.

1) Fill in the gaps using the correct tense of have or get and the words in brackets,

- 1. She needs to ..... (car/ repair).
- 2. I'm going ...... at the new hairdresser's (hair/cut).
- 3. I really must ..... (the central heating/fix).
- 4. They ought ..... (the broken windows/ replace).
- 5. I ..... before I dropped it (phone repair).
- 6. He ..... to his home address yesterday (tickets send).
- 7. I .....if I could afford it (the house redecorate).
- 8. He ..... onto the train by a porter (bags load).
- 9. I . .....a fortnight ago (car/service).
- 10. She ..... (dogs / vaccinate) next Tuesday.

## 2) Rewrite these sentences using have or get.

- 1. The mechanic changed the oil in my car.
- 2. The hairdresser cut my hair in a completely different style.
- 3. A decorator has repainted our house.
- 4. A friend of mine, who's an electrician, is going to repair my DVD player next week.
- 5. My jacket is being cleaned at a specialist cleaner's.
- 6. It was Jim's son's birthday yesterday so a chef made him a special cake
- 7. Laura is getting married in two hours so a hairdresser is doing her hair right now.

8. As her parents were away for the weekend, Mandy had a great party. This afternoon somebody will be cleaning her house, before her parents arrive.